

# ELECTRO-CHEMICAL GAS SENSORS

- DAVITEQ ETHYLENE C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> GAS SENSOR, 1500 PPM, SERI-4
- DAVITEQ CARBON MONOXIDE CO GAS SENSOR, 200 PPM, SERI-4
- DAVITEQ HYDRO SULFIDE H<sub>2</sub>S GAS SENSOR, 50 PPM, SERI-4
- DAVITEQ AMMONIA NH<sub>3</sub> GAS SENSOR, 100 PPM, SERI-4
- DAVITEQ CHLORINE Cl<sub>2</sub> GAS SENSOR, 20 PPM, SERI-4
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- DAVITEQ OXYGEN O<sub>2</sub> GAS SENSOR FOR HIGH HUMIDITY 0-30%, SERI-4
- DAVITEQ OXYGEN O<sub>2</sub> GAS SENSOR 0-30%, SERI-4
- DAVITEQ TRACE OXYGEN O<sub>2</sub> GAS SENSOR 0-1%, SERI-4
- Daviteq Electro-Chemical Gas Sensor

# DAVITEQ ETHYLENE C2H4 GAS SENSOR, 1500 PPM, SERI-4

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Seri-4 electro-chemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-1500 ppm
Maximum overload	3000 ppm
Resolution	4 ppm
T80 response time	< 60 s
Typical Baseline Range (pure air, 20°C)	-10 ppm .. + 35 ppm
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 35ppm in pure Air, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	2 years in the air
Expected Long Term Output Drift in air	< 5 % of reading loss per month

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

Interfering Gas	Cross-Sens. [%]
CO	< 60

# DAVITEQ CARBON MONOXIDE CO GAS SENSOR, 200 PPM, SERI-4

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electro-chemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-200 ppm
Maximum overload	500 ppm
Filter	Inboard filter to remove acidic gases
Resolution	0.1 ppm
T90 response time	< 35 s
Typical Baseline Range (pure air, 20°C)	-0.5 ppm .. + 0.7 ppm
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.5 ppm in pure Air, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	3 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 2 % of reading loss per month

***We have other ranges: 500 ppm, 1000 ppm, and 2000 ppm.***

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (ppm)
C2H4	1000	< 250
H2	100	< 60
H2S	20	0
NO	50	0

NO2	5	0
SO2	5	0

# DAVITEQ HYDRO SULFIDE H<sub>2</sub>S GAS SENSOR, 50 PPM, SERI-4

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-50 ppm
Maximum overload	100 ppm
Resolution	0.1 ppm
T90 response time	< 25 s
Typical Baseline Range (pure air, 20°C)	-0.1 ppm .. + 0.1 ppm
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.2 ppm in pure Air, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	2 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 2 % of reading loss per month

***We have other ranges: 100 ppm, 200ppm, 500ppm, and 2000 ppm***

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

The table below does not claim to be complete. Interfering gases should not be used for calibration.

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (ppm)
CO	100	< 1
H <sub>2</sub>	300	< 1.2
Methyl Mercaptan (MM, CH <sub>3</sub> SH)	10	~ 5
Tert-Butyl Mercaptan (TBM, (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CSH)	10	~ 3.5



# DAVITEQ AMMONIA NH3 GAS SENSOR, 100 PPM, SERI-4

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-100 ppm
Maximum overload	200 ppm
Resolution	0.1 ppm
T90 response time	< 35 s
Typical Baseline Range (pure air, 20°C)	-3.0 ppm .. + 3.0 ppm
Repeatability	< 3% of reading
Accuracy	5% of Reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.2 ppm in pure Air, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-10 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
Humidity effect (Abrupt changes in rel. humidity causes a short-term transient signal)	< 4 ppm
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	2 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 5 % of reading loss per 6 months

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

The table below does not claim to be complete. Interfering gases should not be used for calibration.

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (ppm)
Cl2	20	-55
CO	300	0
CO2	20000	0

H2	200	0
H2S	20	7
NO	20	-1
NO2	20	-20
SiH4	10	0
SO2	20	-7

**Important Application Notes**



Long-term exposures at high concentrations of SO2, H2S, NO, NO2, and Cl2 can affect the performance characteristics.



# DAVITEQ CHLORINE Cl2 GAS SENSOR, 20 PPM, SERI-4

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-20 ppm
Maximum overload	200 ppm
Resolution	0.01 ppm
T80 response time	< 60 s
Typical Baseline Range (pure air, 20°C)	-0.1 ppm .. +0.2 ppm
Repeatability	< 2% of reading or 0.05ppm whichever greater
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero stability	0 .. 0.05 ppm in pure Air, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
Humidity effect	None
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	2 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 2 % of reading loss per month

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

The table below does not claim to be complete. Interfering gases should not be used for calibration.

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (ppm)
Br2	10	2.5
C2H4	100	0
CH2O	7	0
ClO2	3	~3

CO	300	0
Ethanol (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH)	60	0
F <sub>2</sub>	8	~8
H <sub>2</sub>	100	0
H <sub>2</sub> S	20	< -20
HCl	20	0
NH <sub>3</sub>	80	0
NO	50	0
NO <sub>2</sub>	20	~20
O <sub>3</sub>	1	~1
SO <sub>2</sub>	5	0

# DAVITEQ NITROGEN DIOXIDE NO2 GAS SENSOR, 20 PPM, SERI-4

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electro-chemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-20 ppm
Maximum overload	40 ppm
Filter	Inboard filter to remove acidic gases
Resolution	0.1 ppm
T90 response time	< 40 s
Typical Baseline Range (pure air, 20°C)	-0.1 ppm .. + 0.2 ppm
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.2 ppm in pure Air, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	2 years in the air
Expected Long Term Output Drift in air	< 2 % of reading loss per month

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (ppm)
C2H4	100	0
CH2O	7	0
Cl2	20	15
CO	100	0
ETHANOL (C2H5OH)	60	0

H2	100	0
H2S	20	< - 20
HCL	20	0
NH3	80	0
NO	50	0
O3	1	1
SO2	5	0

# DAVITEQ OXYGEN O2 GAS SENSOR FOR HIGH HUMIDITY 0-30%, SERI-4

## KEY FEATURES

- For high-humidity environments
- Long-Life sensor with no consumable parts and lead-free (RoHS compliant)

## APPLICATIONS

- Oxygen Monitoring in Diffusion Mode
- Continuous Air Quality Monitoring
- Safety and Environmental Control

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-30%
Maximum overload	100%
Filter	come with the main device
Resolution	0.1%
T90 response time	< 30s (via filter)
Typical Baseline Range (20°C)	< 0.1% in pure N2
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.1 % in pure Nitrogen, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	50 % to 95 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	3 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 1.33 % of reading loss per year

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (%)
C2H4	1000	0
CO	2000	0.05
H2	1000	0.01
H2S	500	-0.02
SO2	200	-0.01

# DAVITEQ OXYGEN O2 GAS SENSOR 0-30%, SERI-4

## KEY FEATURES

- Fast equilibration time
- Long-Life sensor with no consumable parts and lead-free (RoHS compliant)

## APPLICATIONS

- Oxygen Monitoring in Diffusion Mode
- Continuous Air Quality Monitoring
- Safety and Environmental Control

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-30%
Maximum overload	100%
Filter	come with the main device
Resolution	0.1%
T90 response time	< 28s (via filter)
Typical Baseline Range (20°C)	< 0.1% in pure N2
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.1 % in pure Nitrogen, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	3 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 1.33 % of reading loss per year

## CROSS SENSITIVITY DATA

Interfering Gas	Concentration (ppm)	Reading (%)
C2H4	1000	0
CO	2000	0.05
H2	1000	0.01
H2S	500	-0.02
SO2	200	-0.01



# DAVITEQ TRACE OXYGEN O2 GAS SENSOR 0-1%, SERI-4

## KEY FEATURES

- Fast equilibration time
- Long-Life sensor with no consumable parts and lead-free (RoHS compliant)

## APPLICATIONS

- Trace oxygen measurements
- Continuous Air Quality Monitoring
- Safety and Environmental Control

## SENSOR SPECIFICATION

MEASURING SPECIFICATION	
Sensor type	Daviteq Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor
Nominal range	0-1%
Maximum overload	21%
Filter	come with the main device
Resolution	0.01%
T90 response time	< 30s (via filter)
Typical Baseline Range (20°C)	< 0.01% in pure N2
Repeatability	< 2% of reading
Accuracy	+/- 5% of reading
Zero Stability	0 .. 0.01 % in pure Nitrogen, 20oC
Temperature compensation	Yes
WORKING CONDITIONS	
Relative humidity range	15 % to 90 % RH non-condensing
Temperature range	-40 °C to 50 °C
Pressure range	Atmospheric ± 10%
SENSOR LIFETIME	
Expected Operation Life	3 years in the air
Expected Long-Term Output Drift in air	< 1.33 % of reading loss per year

# Daviteq Electro-Chemical Gas Sensor

## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Overview

Daviteq Electro-chemical (EC) Gas sensor module is a gas measuring module that utilizes the Seri-4 electrochemical sensor with a high sensitivity to low concentrations of detected gas, high selectivity, and a stable baseline. It has an ultra-low noise amplifier to amplify the nano-ampere current signal from the sensor and delivers the stable and high-resolution output to the reading devices such as Sub-GHz transmitter, Sigfox transmitter, LoRaWAN transmitter, RS485 output transmitter, etc.

The module can support various types of gas sensors such as CO, NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, Cl<sub>2</sub>, HCHO...

Typical Applications: Gas, toxic gas detecting, air quality monitoring for the facility, building, pump station, HVAC...

\* For some applications with high humidity ambient all the time, the sensor can come with a heater to control the humidity within the working range of the sensor.

### 1.2 Specification

Sensor technology	Seri-4 electrochemical gas sensor. Please check <a href="#">this link</a> for the specifications of each gas type.
Sensor housing / Rating	SS316/SS304 housing with 316SS sintered filter / for Indoor use (buy the optional accessory rain-guard for outdoor installation) Exd versions for Zone 1/21 and 2/22.



**Note:** Do not install the sensor where the ambient humidity is higher than 90% RH most of the time! It will cause the sensor to malfunction.

### 1.3 Cross-Sensitivity Data

What is cross-sensitivity?

The electrochemical sensor is normally affected by other gas. It meant the sensor not only measure the target gas but also the other gases. If there is a concentration of other gas, it would also cause the change in sensor output with a factor listed in the below table.

Please check the cross-sensitivity data of each gas type in [this link](#).

## 2. Detail measurement principle

A special amplifier circuit amplifies the very low current from the gas sensor to deliver stable and high resolution.

The special mechanism provides noise filtering to deliver a very stable output. The ADC chip can provide a resolution from 16-bit to 24-bit.

The circuit will deliver the digital output to the reading device.

With an ultra-low-power design, it can run on battery for 10-20 years!

The EC sensor module will deliver 02 values:

- Gas concentration, in ppm or ppb.

- The temperature of the circuit board, in oC.

### 3. List of Measureable Gas/Volatile

Index	Gas	Range (PPM)	Remarks
1	AsH <sub>3</sub> , Arsine	0-1	
2	CH <sub>2</sub> O, Formaldehyde	0-10, 0-50, 0-1000	
3	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> , Ethene, Ethylene	0-10, 0-200, 0-1500	
4	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O, Ethylene Oxide	0-10, 0-100, 0-1000	
5	RCOOH, Organic Acids	0-100	
6	R <sub>3</sub> COH, Alcohols	0-200	
7	CO, Carbon Monoxide	0-200, 0-500, 0-1000, 0-2000	
8	CS <sub>2</sub> , Carbon Disulfide	0-100	
9	Cl <sub>2</sub> , Chlorine, Br <sub>2</sub> , Bromine	0-20, 0-200	
10	ClO <sub>2</sub> , Chlorine Dioxide	0-5	
11	H <sub>2</sub> , Hydrogen	0-1000, 0-4000, 0-40000	
12	H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> , Hydrogen Peroxide	0-100, 0-500, 0-2000, 0-5000	
13	H <sub>2</sub> S, Hydrogen Sulfide	0-50, 0-100, 0-500, 0-2000	
14	HCl, Hydrogen Chloride	0-20, 0-200	
15	HF, Hydrogen Fluoride	0-10	
16	HCN, Hydrogen Cyanide	0-50	
17	NH <sub>3</sub> , Ammonia	0-100, 0-500, 0-1000, 0-2000, 0-5000, 0-10000	
18	NO, Nitric Oxide	0-25, 0-250, 0-1000	
19	NO <sub>2</sub> , Nitrogen Dioxide	0-20, 0-100, 0-500	
20	O <sub>2</sub> , Oxygen	0-1%, 0-30%,	
21	O <sub>3</sub> , Ozone	0-5, 0-100	
22	PH <sub>3</sub> , Phosphine	0-5, 0-20, 0-200, 0-2000	
23	SiH <sub>4</sub> , Silane	0-50	
24	SO <sub>2</sub> , Sulfur Dioxide	0-20, 0-100, 0-200, 0-1000, 0-2000, 0-10000	
25	VOC, Volatile Organic Compound	0-20, 0-2000 (equivalent Isobutylene)	<b>Applicable for:</b> * Alcohols: Isopropanol, Methanol, Ethanol * Aldehydes and Ketones: Formaldehyde, Acetone, * Aromatic Hydrocarbons: Xylene, Toluene * Organic acids: Formic acid, Acetic acid, Commercial vinegar * Unsaturated Hydrocarbons: Isobutylene, Ethylene

**Please consult us to get detail specification of Gas sensor**

### 3. Calibration of the Daviteq EC Gas Sensor

The Daviteq EC Gas Sensor must be connected to a reading device; normally, it is a wireless transmitter like Sub-GHz, Sigfox, or LoRaWAN.

In the reading device, the following parameter is configured in advance:

**Sensor+amplifier sensitivity (mV/ppm):** it is the voltage output of the amplifier circuit = Sensor current output (nA/ppm) x R\_gain

For example, with an NH3 gas sensor, the default value of the Sensor current output is 110nA/ppm and R\_gain = 100 Kohms.

Therefore, the default NH3 Sensor+amplifier sensitivity = 11 mV/ppm

**Depending on the sensor type and R\_gain value, the sensor sensitivity must be calculated and pre-configured into the reading device.**

### 3.1 Why do we need to calibrate the gas sensor? There are some reasons:

- The sensor current output of a sensor is different from the other sensor. It is not the same value for all sensors after manufacturing.
- The sensor current output of a sensor will be changed over time. For example, the NH3 sensor current output will be reduced by about 5% of the signal per six months in clean air at 25 oC temperature.
- The R\_gain of the circuit also has a 0.1% or 0.05% tolerance;

Therefore, users must calibrate the sensor before use or in a pre-defined interval (6 or 12 months, for example).

### 3.2 How to calibrate the EC Gas sensor?

Instructions to attach the calibration cap onto the sensor module to get Zero or Span values.

**Step 1.** Remove the Filter and prepare the calibration cap



**Step 2.** Attach the calibration cap to the sensor head



**Step 3. Installed the Regulator to the Gas cylinder**



**Step 4. Attach the tube to the regulator**



**i** Please use the Flow Regulator with a flow rate of 2.5 LPM or 5.0 LPM.

With the 2-point calibration method, the user can define the A and B factors. Please find below the steps of calibration.

### Step 1: Get the Zero value.

- Power ON the device;
- Place the device in a clean-air environment (the target value is nearly zero) at a temperature from 20 - 30 oC, in at least 60 minutes. Using the 99.99% Nitrogen gas as zero gas is better than clean air.
- After 60 minutes, force the device to send data, read and record the Raw\_value.
- Recommendation: Record many Raw values at least 10 minutes apart (10 values).  
Zero value is the average of the recorded Raw values

**⚠ Note:** the Raw\_value can be positive or negative; it will be in the range of -3.00 to +3.00 ppm

### Step 2: Get the Span value


**⚠ Note: Keep the sensor Power ON all the time;**

- Use the standard gas cylinder with a known concentration (for example, NH3 in N2 with a concentration of 25ppm or 50ppm) to supply the gas to the sensor;
- Use the calibration cap as above pictures to attach to the sensor and connect the tubing to the gas cylinder;
- Open the valve on the Cylinder slowly and make sure the gas has reached the sensor. Please use the Flow regulator 2.5 LPM or 5.0 LPM.

**⚠ Notes:**  
- The tube length is short as possible to reduce the gas loss.

- Press a timer to start counting the time;
- After 2 minutes, force the device to send data once every minute, and stop forcing at 5 minutes. The highest

Raw\_value is the Span value.

 **Note: Get one value for Span**

- After that, immediately turn OFF the valve to save the gas;
- Remove the calibration cap from the sensor;
- Place the sensor in clean air again.

 **Note: Always keep the sensor Power ON all the time;**

 **DO NOT PLACE THE SENSOR IN THE SPAN GAS FOR MORE THAN 5 MINUTES; IT WILL SATURATE THE SENSOR OUTPUT AND DEGRADE THE SENSOR LIFE QUICKLY.**

### Step 3: Calculate the new A and B

-The calculation of new A and B values based on the basic linear formula:  $y = A * x + B$

Where:

A and B are calibration coefficients

x is the sensor process value (example gas level in ppm) read on the reading device (RAW\_VALUE in the payload), such as on the application server/network server, on the offline tool

y is the correct value. y is the value of standard gas/standard condition

Which condition of Zero value:  $y_0 = A * x_0 + B$

Which condition of Span value:  $y_s = A * x_s + B$

From the two formulas, the calculation of A and B as below

$$A = (y_0 - y_s) / (x_0 - x_s)$$

$$B = (y_s * x_0 - y_0 * x_s) / (x_0 - x_s)$$

-Example of A, B calculation for LoraWAN Ammonia Gas sensor (item code WSLRW-G4-NH3-100-01):


\* With the condition of a clean-air environment at a temperature from 20 - 30 oC, there is no ammonia gas ( $y = 0$ ); while the NH3 level on the reading device (RAW\_VALUE in the payload) is -0.25 ( $x_0 = -0.25$ )


\* When the sensor is connected to a standard gas cylinder having an ammonia level of 25 ppm ( $y = 25$ ); while the NH3 level on the reading device (RAW\_VALUE in the payload) is 18.66 ( $x_s = 18.66$ )

\*The calculation of A and B for the Ammonia gas sensor:

$$A = (0 - 25) / (-0.25 - 18.66) = 1.32205$$

$$B = (y_s * x_0 - y_0 * x_s) / (x_0 - x_s) = (25 * (-0.25) - 0 * 18.66) / (-0.25 - 18.66) = 0.33051$$

 The factory default A = 1 and default B = 0

 Use RAW\_VALUE in the payload on the reading device for calibration

### Step 4: Configure the new A and B into the device

- User can use the off-line tool or downlink to write the values of A and B;
- Writing the new A and B successfully meant you had done the calibration process. Congratulation!

## 4. Application notes for the Daviteq EC Gas Sensor

The applications will differ depending on the type of gas sensor used in the EC gas module. Please refer to some applications:

Gas type	Typical applications
NH3 Ammonia Gas	NH3 leakage detection for HVAC, Chiller... NH3 concentration in the toilet NH3 concentration in the animal farms; chicken, pig, cow... NH3 concentration in the ambient air (Air quality monitor)
H2S	H2S gas monitor for the sewage treatment system H2S gas monitor for indoor air quality H2S gas monitor for basement floor H2S gas monitor for the trash bin H2S gas monitor for solid waste treatment plant...
Cl2 Chlorine gas	Chlorine gas leakage detection in the chemical process plant Chlorine gas monitoring in ambient air in the water treatment plant Chlorine toxic gas monitoring in the City ...

## 5. Installation notes

### **Notes:**

- \* Avoid the place with humidity higher than 90% RH all the time (a short time in 2-3 days is acceptable)
- \* if the Sensor is intended to install outdoors, please use a rain guard to protect the sensor from rain and direct sunlight. Please [contact us](#) to buy this accessory.

- Place the sensor in the area to monitor the target gas concentration. Please always check the gas molecular weight v.s the air.

- For example, NH3 gas has a lighter weight than air, so the sensor must be placed at a height higher than the source of NH3 leakage. Normally, the sensor will be mounted at a height of 1.6m from the ground.

- For NH3 Odor detection in the toilet, users can place the sensor from 1.6m on the wall or on the ceiling which a height <= 2.6m

- Note for Outdoor installation:** For outdoor installation, please use the Rain guard to protect the sensor from raindrops or snowflakes. Please find below the steps for the installation

**Step 1.** Prepare the rain guard.



**Step 2.** Insert the rain guard into the sensor filter and tighten the locking screws



## 6. Troubleshooting for the Daviteq G4 Gas Sensor

No.	Phenomena		Reason	Solutions
1	The measured value is not within the expected value.	1.1	The sensor is drifted by time.	Re-calibrate the sensor
		1.2	The sensor was continuously in a high-humidity environment (> 90% RH) for more than 03 days.	Place the sensor in low humidity for its recovery. It may take up to 30 days to recover. If the sensor cannot recover after 30 days, please replace the new sensor module.
2	The measured value is always zero or near zero.	2.1	The sensor module was removed.	Please check the sensor.
		2.2	The sensor is at the end of its life.	Replace the sensor module
3	HW_Error = 1	3.1	Loosed connection of sensor module and wireless transmitter.	Check the internal wiring.
		3.2	The measuring module got a problem.	Please consult the manufacturer for a warranty or replacement.


## 7. Maintenance of the Daviteq G4 Gas Sensor

What?	How?	When?
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<b>Cleaning the Filter</b>	Check and clean the filter every few months, depending on the environment. Clean the filter with warm water and soap, then use compressed air to purge it from the inside out.	Approx. 6-12 months (< 1 month for mining applications)
<b>Re-calibration</b>	The gas sensor may be drifting over time. Please check <a href="#">the sensor specification</a> to identify the interval time for the re-calibration sensor. Please follow the calibration procedure in <a href="#">section 3</a> above.	Approx. 6-12 months
<b>Sensor replacement</b>	Replace the new sensor module after 02 years of operation (please check <a href="#">the sensor specification</a> of each gas type). Please see the below instructions.	Approx. 2 years

### Sensor replacement instructions:

 \* Please remove the batteries before doing the following steps

#### Step 1. Remove the filter



#### Step 2. Unplug the sensor module



#### Step 3. Remove the spring clip on the new sensor module.



#### Step 4. Plug the new sensor module into the PCB



**Step 5.** Insert the batteries and start calibration of the new sensor as per [section 3](#).



**Step 6.** Place the filter back.



## 8. Default configuration

This G4 gas sensor module has the default configuration. However, those parameters can be changed. The user can change the configuration on the wireless transmitter so that the complete sensor (transducer + wireless) delivers the proper output value. Below are some configuration parameters that store in the flash memory of the wireless transmitter.

Description	Unit	Default	Format	Property	Comment
	◀ ▶		◀ ▶	◀ ▶	
CONSTANT_A		1	Float	R/W	Constant a for scaling measured value
CONSTANT_B		0	Float	R/W	Constant b for scaling measured value
HIGH_CUT		1E+09	Float	R/W	High cut value for scaled_value
LOW_CUT		0	Float	R/W	Low cut value for scaled_value
SENSOR+AMPLIFIER SENSITIVITY	mV		Float	R/W	Default = 11 for NH3 gas sensor

**END.**