

USER GUIDE FOR WIRELESS AMBIENT OXYGEN SENSOR WS433-O2

WS433-O2-MN-EN-01

AUG-2021

This document is applied for the following products

SKU	WS433-O2	HW Ver.	2.5	FW Ver.	5.0
Item Code	WS433-O2-01	Wireless Sensor Transmitter 433Mhz, Integrated ambient oxygen sensor, Internal antenna, 01 x AA 1.5 VDC battery, IP67			

1. Functions Change Log

HW Ver.	FW Ver.	Release Date	Functions Change
2.5	5.0	DEC-2019	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change RF data rate by button

2. Introduction

WS433-O2 is the Wireless Ambient Oxygen Sensor, it utilises galvanic cell type oxygen sensor which provides a linear output voltage signal relative to percent oxygen present in a particular atmosphere. The sensor features no position dependency, excellent chemical durability, and it is not influenced by CO. The wireless portion is Sub-GHz technology from Texas Instruments allows long range transmission at ultra-low power consumption. It will connect 2-way wirelessly to the wireless co-ordinator WS433-CL to send data and receiving the configuration. It can be configured the operation parameters like data sending interval, health check cycle...remotely from Globiots platform or via ModbusRTU software (thru the WS433-CL). Its default data rate is 50 kbps, can be switched to 625 bps cat0 increase the communication range. It can last up to 10 years with a single AA battery. There are a lot of applications as environment monitoring for office, hospital, cleanroom...

WIRELESS AMBIENT OXYGEN SENSOR
WS433-O2



WS433-O2-H1.PNG

3. Specification

SENSOR SPECIFICATION :	
Measuring range	0-30% O2
Accuracy	0.25% O2
Resolution	0.01
Working Pressure	507 hPa - 1520 hPa
Working Temperature	-10 .. + 50oC
Working Humidity	0-99%, non-condensation
Response time	≤15s
Life expectancy at 20°C in normal air	approx. 3 years
WIRELESS TRANSMITTER :	
Data speed	Up to 50kbps
Tranmission distance, LOS	1000m
Antenna	Internal Antenna
Battery	01 x AA 1.5VDC, up to 10-year operation, depends on configuration
Frequency Band	ISM 433Mhz, Sub-GHz technology from Texas Instrument, USA
International Compliance	ETSI EN 300 220, EN 303 204 (Europe) FCC CFR47 Part15 (US), ARIB STD-T108 (Japan)

Vietnam Type Approval Certification	QCVN 73:2013/BTTTT, QCVN 96:2015/BTTTT (DAVITEQ B00122019)
Security Standard	AES-128
Operating temperature of PCB	-40oC...+60oC (with AA L91 Energizer)
Housing	Poly-carbonate, IP67
Installation method	L-type bracket SUS304 , by M4 screws or double-sided 3M tape (included)
Product dimensions & weight	125x30x30mm (wireless part only), < 50g (without battery)
Box dimension & gross weight	190x50x50mm, < 90g

4. Typical Applications

MONITORING OXYGEN IN FRUIT STORAGE



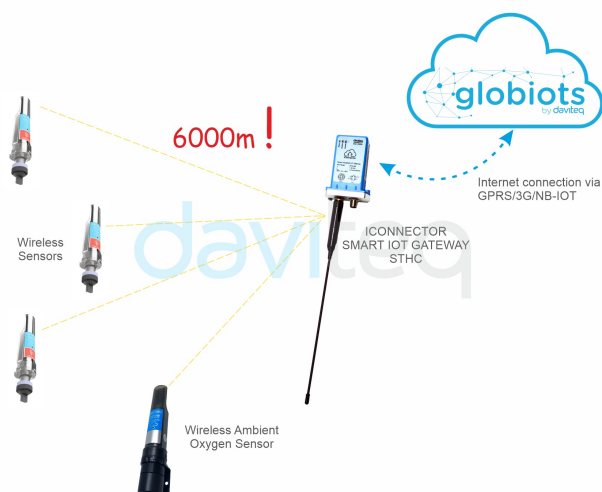
WS433-O2-H2.PNG

MONITORING OXYGEN IN DRY AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS STORAGE SUCH AS RICE, GREEN BEAN COFFEE,...



WS433-O2-H3.PNG

CONNECT WIRELESS SENSORS TO GLOBIOTS Platform



WS433-O2-H6.PNG

CONNECT WIRELESS SENSORS TO any PLC or HMI



WS433-O2-H4.PNG

5. Operation Principle

5.1 Process of measurement

When the sensor sampling time interval is reached, For example **2 minutes**, the node will wake up and switch **ON** the power supply to supply the energy to external sensor to start the measurement. Depends on the type and characteristic of external sensor, the sensor will take a certain time to finish the measurement.

For example: the measurement time is 200mS, after this time, the node will read the value of sensor, node will switch OFF power supply to external sensor to save energy.

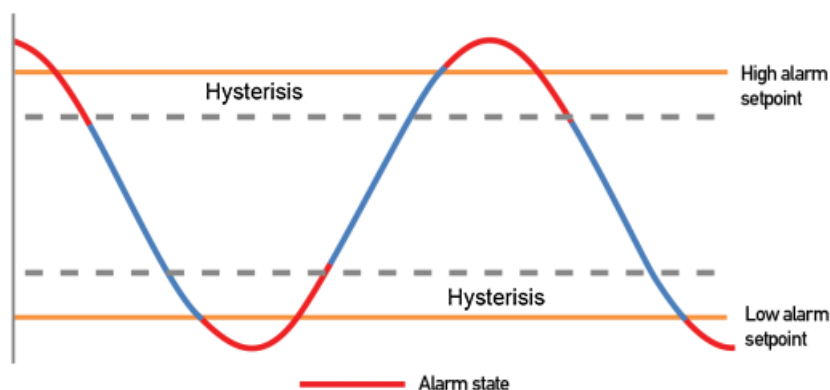
The measured value is the raw value of the sensor. The measured value can be scaled according to the following formula:

$$Y = aX + b$$

- **X:** the raw value from the sensor
- **Y:** the calculated value for parameter 1's value or parameter 2's value
- **a:** constant (default value is 1)
- **b:** constant (default value is 0)

So, if there is no user setting for **a** and **b** ==> **Y = X**

The **Y** value will be compared with Lo and Hi threshold. Please refer below the graph of alarm processing.



Status bytes of sensor Node

- Hi-Byte is error code

Error code	Description
0	No error
1	Just exchange the sensor module but node has not been reset ==> please take out the battery for 20s then install it again to reset node to recognize the new sensor module
2	Error, sensor port M12F shorted to GND
3	Error, sensor port M12F shorted to Vcc
4	Error, sensor port M12F shorted each other

- Lo-Byte is sensor type

Error code	Description
0	No error
1	Just exchange the sensor module but node has not been reset ==> please take out the battery for 20s then install it again to reset node to recognize the new sensor module
2	Error, sensor port M12F shorted to GND
3	Error, sensor port M12F shorted to Vcc
4	Error, sensor port M12F shorted each other

5.2 Add sensors node to Co-ordinator WS433-CL

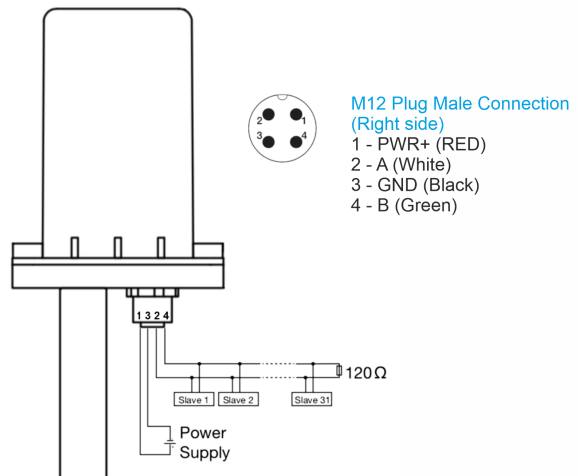
5.2.1 Add Sensor Node ID automatically

CONNECT CO-ORDINATOR TO RS485 - CONFIGURATION
CABLE via M12 CONNECTOR



WS433-CL-H12.PNG

PIN ASSIGNMENT & WIRING



WS433-CL-H18.PNG

Step 1: After supplying power the Co-ordinator via M12 connector, the Node ID must be registered within the first 5 minutes, up to 40 WS.

Step 2: Bring the wireless sensor closer to the Co-ordinator's antenna then take off the wireless sensor battery, wait for 5s then insert the battery again. If:

- Buzzer plays **1 peep** sound, LED blink 1 time, that means registering Node ID on Co-ordinators **successfully**.
- Buzzer plays **2 peep** sounds, LED blink 2 times, that this Node ID is **already registered**.

i If you do not hear the "Peep" sound, please disconnect the power the co-ordinator, wait a few minute and try again.

Node id added in this way will be written to the **smallest node_id_n** address which is = **0**.

Set **Rssi_threshold** (see **RF MODE CONFIG** (in the **Modbus Memmap of WS433-CL**), default **-25**): The case if Co-ordinator is on high position and need to add node sensor. We set the sensor as close as possible and set the **Rssi_threshold** to **-80**, **-90** or **-100** to increase the sensitivity to allow WS433-CL-04 can add sensors at a longer distance. After that, perform 2 steps of adding sensors and then reset **Rssi_threshold** = **-25**.

Enb_auto_add_sensors configuration (see **RF MODE CONFIG** (in the **Modbus Memmap of WS433-CL**)): In case you do not want to turn off the power WS433-CL, you can set **Enb_auto_add_sensors** = **1**, this way we have 5 minutes to add nodes (add up to 40 nodes) . After 5 minutes **Enb_auto_add_sensors** will automatically = **0**.

Memmap registers

i You can download Modbus Memmap of WS433-CL with the following link:

<https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=WBbGm89AToHWyvlyMOc780N1KmjfUr3Y>

5.2.2 Add sensor node into WS433-CL-04 (1) through intermediate WS433-CL-04 (2) and Modbus

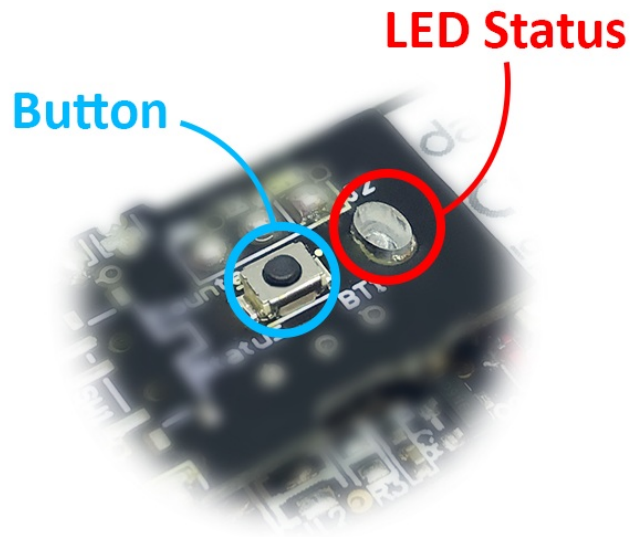
i In case the sensor need to be added to WS433-CL-04 (1) has been installed in a high position, the sensor cannot be brought close to WS433-CL-04 (1). For more details:

<http://www.daviteq.com/en/manuals/books/long-range-wireless-co-ordinator-ws433-cl/page/user-guide-for-long-range-wireless-co-ordinator-ws433-cl>

5.3 Button Function

Open the cover of sensor then use the push button to set the data transfer speed for the first 30 seconds when the battery is first installed, after 30 seconds the push button function does not work.

- Press and hold the button for 2 seconds => LED blinks once => Release the button to set Data rate RF 50kbps
- Press and hold the button for 5 seconds => LED blinks twice => Release the button to set Data rate RF 625bps
- Press and hold the button for 10 seconds => LED blinks 3 times => Release the button to reset RF parameters (frequency, RF output power, data rate), if held for more than 30 seconds then the button function does not work.



Reset default WS433:

- Frequency: 433.92 MHz
- RF transmit power: 15 dBm
- RF data rate: 50 kbps

5.4 Configuration

First, you need to prepare



Computer



RS485
Configuration Cable



Power Adapter 12-24VDC

WS433-CL-H9.PNG

Num of Node will indicate the number of nodes managed by WS433-CL.

Every time a node is **added**, the Num of Node will **increase** by 1.

i Every time a node is **deleted**, the Num of Node is **reduced** by 1.

Writing Num of Node = 0 will **delete all** 40 node ids to 0.

If you want to delete a node id, then write it = 0 with the **Write** function is **16** and the **Read** function is **3**.

Step 1: Connect Antenna, RS485 - configuration cable and power supply co-ordinator

INSTALL ANTENNA



WS433-CL-H10.PNG

CONNECT CO-ORDINATOR TO RS485 - CONFIGURATION CABLE via M12 CONNECTOR



WS433-CL-H12.PNG

SUPPLY POWER 12-24VDC



WS433-CL-H11.PNG

CONNECT RS485 - CONFIGURATION
TO COMPUTER via USB



WS433-CL-H13.PNG

Step 2: Open Modbus tool on PC

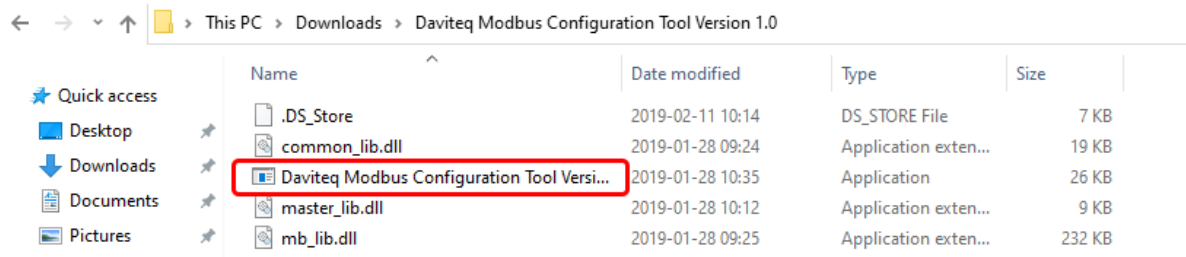
- You can download Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool with the following link:

<https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=qK0PGNbY1g1fuxTqbFW9SXtEvCw7bpc6>

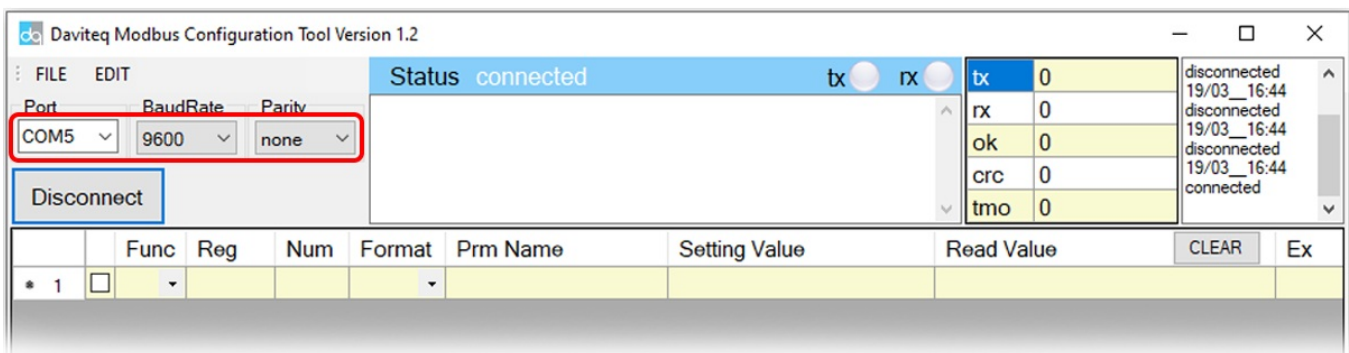
Template File: <https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=ItFaeQgtCmXN98J7GaPdeZvKK5eS1Dd1>

How to use the Modbus configuration software

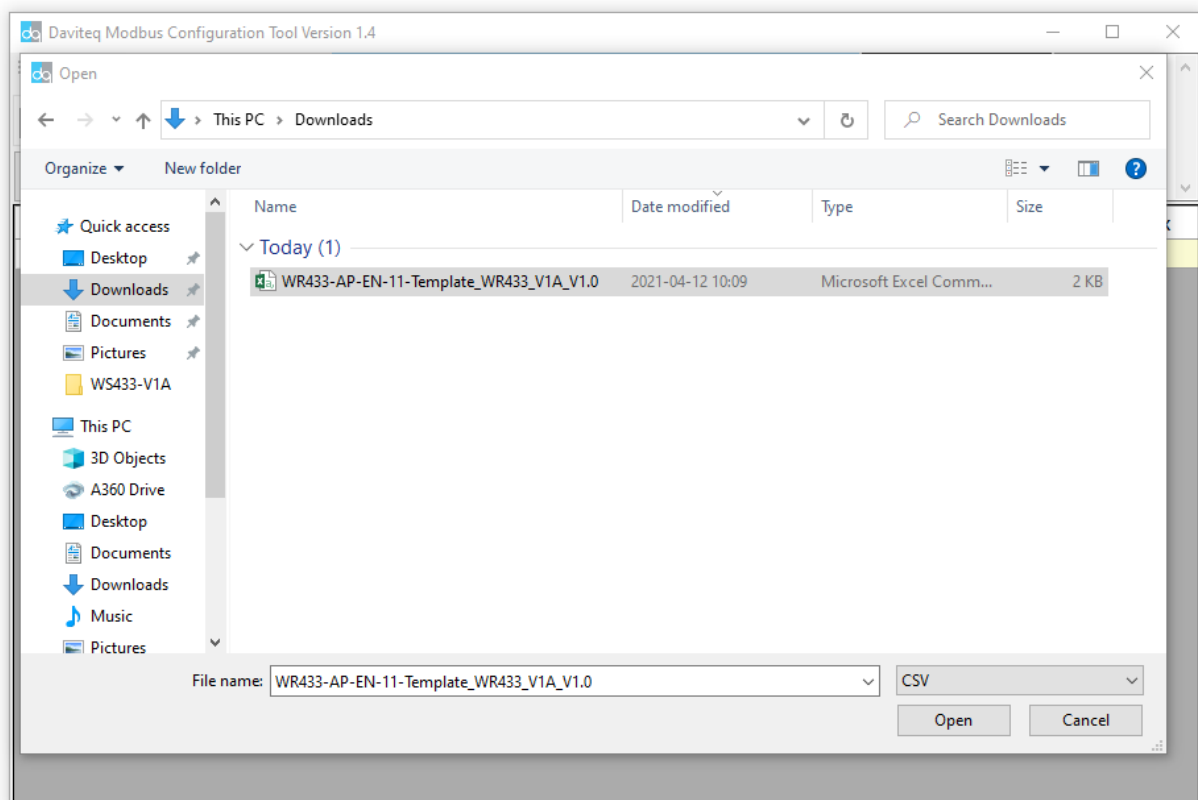
- Unzip file and run file application "Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version"



- Choose **COM Port** (the Port which is USB cable plugged in)
- Set the **BaudRate: 9600, Parity: none**



- Click “ **Connect** ” until the Status displays “**disconnected**” to “**connected**”. It means the WS433-CL-04 is being connected with computer;
- Next, we need to import the configuration file for WS433-CL-04 by importing the csv file: Go to **MENUEFILE / Import New / => select the **template file**.**



Step 3: Configure parameters of the sensor.

Memmap resgisters

- You can download Modbus Memmap of WS433-CL with the following link:

<https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=BKEaUzdArkoc0Hc7nfpRShdPVTovRqQZ>

In the memmap file, refer to the **Memmap of WS433-AI** sheet to configure the sensor's operating parameters accordingly.

- **The reference memmap addresses are based on the order of the sensors added in the Memmap file above**

Typical sensor parameters:

Function Code (Read)	Function Code (Write)	# of register	Byte Size	Description	Value Range	Default	Format	Property	Explanation
4		1	2	%Battery of sensor Node	10,30,60,99		uint16	Read	Battery level, only 04 levels: 10%, 30%, 60% and 99% (full). When 10% ==> Need to replace the battery

4		2	4	Analog value 1 of sensor Node (parameter 1)			float	Read	Value from Analog input sensor (Oxygen). This value is parameter 1 of a wireless sensor node
4		2	4	Value of parameter 2 of sensor Node			float	Read	Same as parameter 1
		1	2	Data status of Node	0-9, 99		byte	Read	0-9: Interval updated data 99: Disconnected
3		1	2	RF Signal strength of Node	0-4		byte	Read	From 0 to 4 with 0 is being lost connection RF and 4 is the strongest RF
3		1	2	Data status of Node	0-9, 99		byte	Read	0-9: Interval updated data 99: Disconnected
3		1	2	RF Signal strength of Node	0-4		byte	Read	From 0 to 4 with 0 is being lost connection RF and 4 is the strongest RF
3	16	1	2	Cycle_wakeup	1-3600(s)	120	uint16	Read / Write	Every time interval of Cycle_wakeup sensor node would ONLY send data to co-ordinator if the new measured value was changed more than the Delta value of the last measured value. Default Cycle_wakeup is 120 seconds
3	16	1	2	Cycle_healths	60-7200(s)	600	uint16	Read / Write	Every time interval of Cycle_healths sensor node will absolutely send data to co-ordinator regardless any condition (Recommendation : 900 seconds)

3	16	2	4	Radio frequency	433.05-434.79, 433 Mhz	433.92	float	Read / Write	Configure the operating frequency of wireless sensor by Co-ordinator, should be configured from 433.05-434.79 MHz, only for advanced users
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6. Installation

6.1 Installation location

Wireless sensor utilize the ultra-low power 433Mhz RF signal to transmit/receive data with Wireless co-ordinator.

To maximize the distance of transmission, the ideal condition is Line-of-sight (LOS) between the Wireless sensor and Gateway. In real life, there may be no LOS condition. However, the two modules still communicate each other, but the distance will be reduced significantly.

ATTENTION:

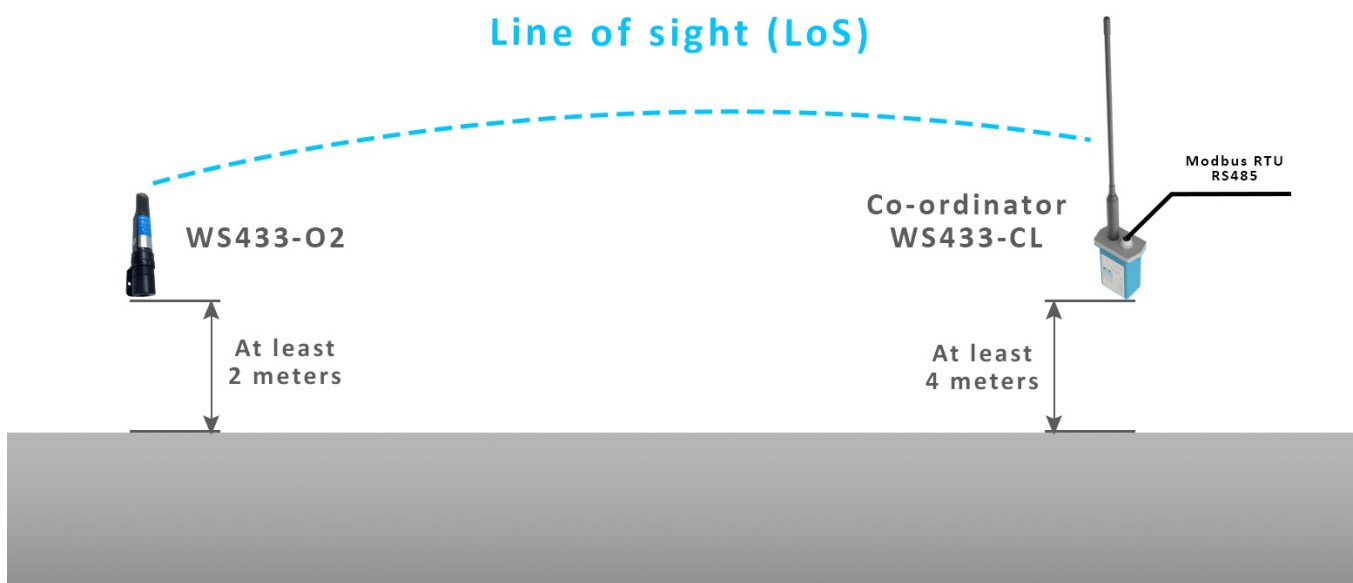


DO NOT cover the Wireless sensor or its antenna inside a completed metallic box or housing, because the RF signal can not pass through the metallic material.

NOTE:



Integrated WS433-CL / iConnector Coordinator The coordinator must be placed at least **4 meters** above the ground and the WS433-O2 clearly visible.

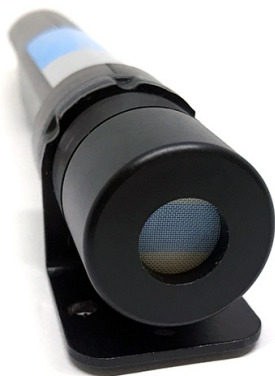


6.2 First setup

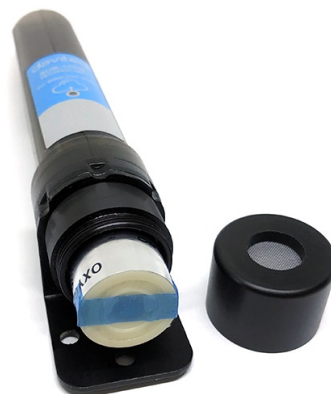
Please follow the steps described below

Step 1: Open the cover of the sensor

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Step 2: Remove the tape on the sensor's filter

⚠ DO NOT TOUCH WITH YOUR HANDS OR CONTAMINATING THE SENSOR FILTER

daviteq



Step 3: Carefully reattach the sensor protective cover

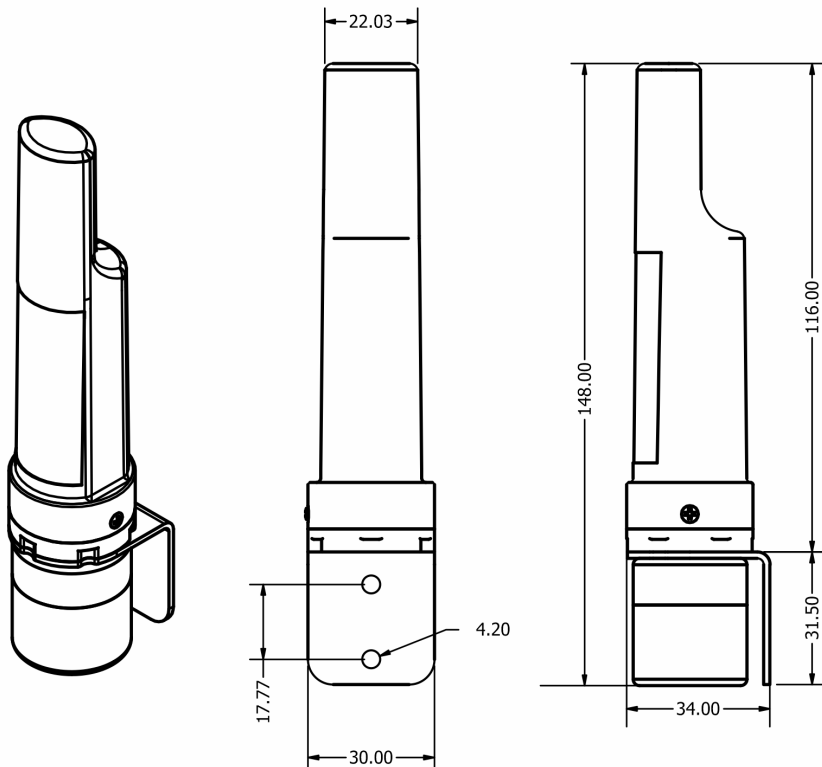


✓ Now the sensor is ready to use

6.3 Dimensions

Unit: mm

DIMENSION DRAWING OF WIRELESS SENSOR
(Unit: mm)



WS433-O2-H7.PNG

6.4 Battery installation

Steps for battery installation:

Step 1: Using Philips screw driver to unscrew M2 screw at the side of housing.

daviteq



Step 2: Pull out the cover then insert the AA 1.5VDC battery, please take note the poles of the battery.

ATTENTION:

- ❗ Because of O-ring, it requires to have much pulling force at the beginning, therefore please do it carefully to avoid the damage of circuit board which is very thin (1.00mm);

REVERSED POLARITY OF BATTERIES IN 10 SECONDS CAN DAMAGE THE SENSOR CIRCUIT !



RECOMMENDED BATTERIES

E91 AA Alkaline battery



-18 .. + 60 oC working temperature

10-year shelf life

3000 mAh Capacity

Price: 1X

L91 AA Lithium battery



-40 .. + 60 oC working temperature

20-year shelf life

3500 mAh Capacity

Price: 3.5X

WS433-M12F-ATE-H3.PNG

Step 3: Insert the top plastic housing and locking by M2 screw

7. Troubleshooting

No.	Phenomena	Reason	Solutions
1	The status LED of wireless sensor doesn't light up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No power supply Configuration function of the LED is not correct 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check that the battery is empty or not installed correctly Reconfigure the led light function exactly as instructed
2	Wireless sensor not connected to co-ordinator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No power supply The configuration function of the RF data rate is incorrect 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check that the battery is empty or not installed correctly Reconfigure the RF data rate with the button according to the instructions

8. Support contacts

Manufacturer

daviteq

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