

RADAR Configuration

- [USER GUIDE FOR LONG RANGE WIRELESS CO-ORDINATOR WS433-CL AND WIRELESS RADAR LEVEL METER](#)

USER GUIDE FOR LONG RANGE WIRELESS CO-ORDINATOR WS433-CL AND WIRELESS RADAR LEVEL METER

WS433-CL-MN-EN-01	JUN-2021
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This document is applied for the following products

SKU	WS433-MA	HW Ver.	2.5	FW Ver.	5.0
Item Code	WS433-MA-31	Wireless Sensor 1-channel 0-20mA DC current input, IP67, battery AA 1.5VDC, 24VDC Output for Instrument power supply			

SKU	RD269X	HW Ver.		FW Ver.	
Item Code	RD2695S-P-B(J)-04-A3(04)-V-4-L-N-V-6	26GHz RadarLevel transmitter, 78mm PVDF protection tube, SUS304 JIS10K 80A RF Flange, 0-6m cablibrated range, 4-20mA output, looped power, HART, IP67 aluminum housing			

SKU	STHC-ISGETH	HW Ver.	1.0	FW Ver.	e1.4
Item Code	WS433-CL-04	Wireless Sensor Co-ordinator with external antenna 0 dbi, M12-Female connector, 4-pin, coding A, RS485 ModbusRTU			
	RS485-FM12-USB-1	RS485/USB multi-purpose Configuration cable** with connector m12 male, female and flying leads, with Power adapter 12VDC/2.0A			

1. Functions Change Log

HW Ver.	FW Ver.	Release Date	Functions Change
2.4	1.9	NOV-2019	

2. Specification

2.1 WS433-MA Specification

Measuring range	0 .. 20mA
Accuracy	0.05% of span
Resolution	1/3000
Temperature drift	< 50ppm

Optional accessories	304SS Adapter PG9/male 1/2"NPT or PG13.5 or M20 to allow direct mounting on Process instruments or electrical panel
Data speed	Up to 50kbps
Transmission distance, LOS	500m
Antenna	Internal Antenna, 3 dbi
Battery	01 x AA 1.5VDC, up to 10-year operation, depends on configuration
Frequency Band	ISM 433Mhz, Sub-GHz technology from Texas Instrument, USA
Receiving Sensitivity	-110dBm at 50kbps
International Compliance	ETSI EN 300 220, EN 303 204 (Europe) FCC CFR47 Part15 (US), ARIB STD-T108 (Japan)
Security Standard	AES-128
Operating temperature of PCB	-40oC..+60oC (with AA L91 Energizer)
Housing	Poly-carbonate, IP67
Installation method	L-type bracket SUS304 , by M4 screws or double-sided 3M tape (included)
Product dimensions	125x30x30mm
Net weight (without battery)	< 100g
Box dimension	190x50x50mm
Gross weight	140g

2.2 RD-2695S Specification

Features	Sealed antenna with anti-corrosion cover
Application	Be suitable for strong acids, alkalis, or other strongly corrosive liquids, or liquids with heavy steam, etc.
Antenna size	** 62mm, corresponding to flange sizes, DN80, DN100 ** 96mm, corresponding to flange sizes, DN150, DN200
Measuring range (Maximum)	35m
Process connection	Flange
Process temperature	-60°C ... +150°C
Process pressure	-0.1 ~ 1.0MPa
Accuracy	±3mm
Frequency range	26GHz
Explosion proof	Ex ia IIC T6
Enclosure protection grade	IP67
Signal output	4-20mA/ HART (2-wire/ 4-wire), RS485/ Modbus

3. Operation Principle

3.1 Sensor configuration

IN CASE the sensor need to be added to WS433-CL-04 (1) has been installed in a high position, the sensor cannot be brought close to WS433-CL-04 (1).

First, you need to prepare



Computer



RS485
Configuration Cable



Power Adapter 12-24VDC

WS433-CL-H9.PNG

For example: WS433-CL-04 has connected 1 sensor node and needs read value sensor. So we use a WS433-CL-04 to configure the sensor connected to WS433-CL-04

Step 1: Add Sensor Node ID automatically to WS433-CL-04

Step 2: Use the RS485 configuration cable to communicate with the Co-ordinator WS433-CL-04 via Modbus software (in the link below)

Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool: <https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=qK0PGNbY1g1fuxTqbFW9SXtEvCw7bpc6>



Template RADAR sensor configuration: <https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=1ZNVkHMxCTj0fxWZXrwtWbrr2MYfSc3S>



How to use the Modbus configuration software

CONNECT CO-ORDINATOR TO RS485 - CONFIGURATION
CABLE via M12 CONNECTOR



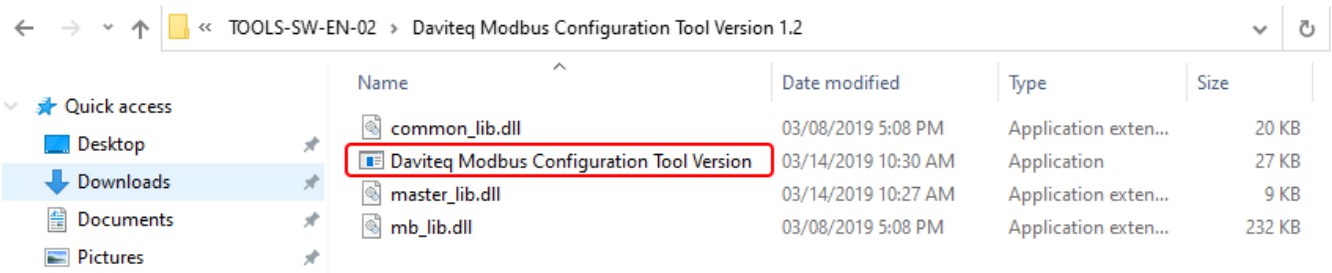
WS433-CL-H12.PNG

CONNECT RS485 - CONFIGURATION
TO COMPUTER via USB

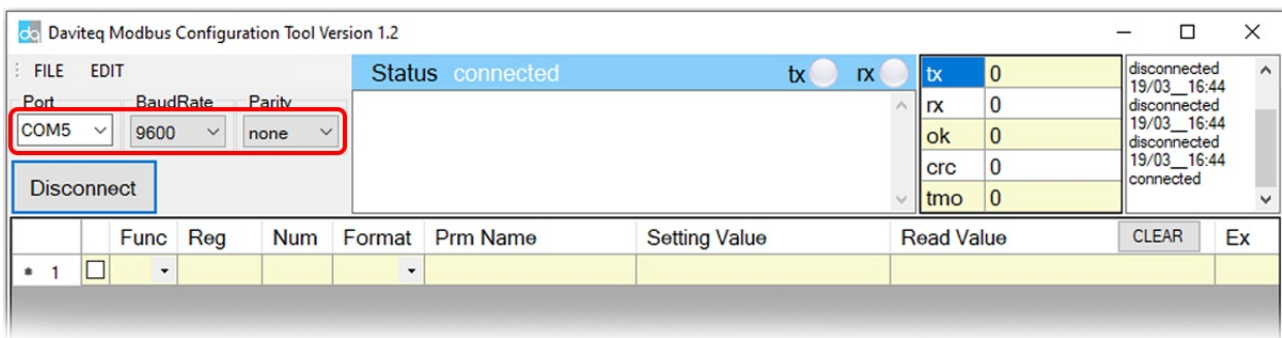


WS433-CL-H13.PNG

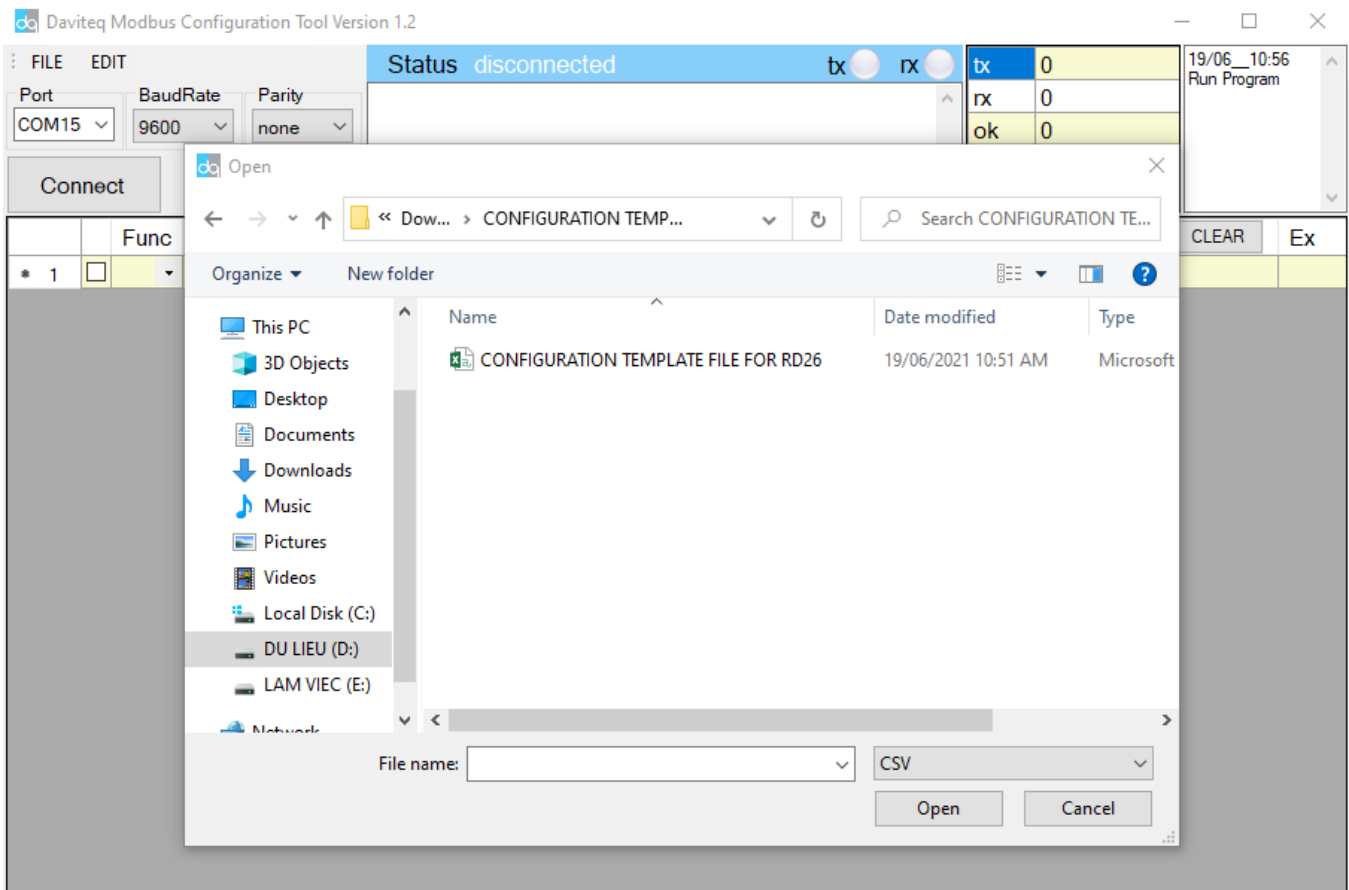
- Unzip file and run file application **Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version**



- Choose **COM Port** (the Port which is USB cable plugged in)
- Set the **BaudRate: 9600, Parity: none**



- Click " **Connect** " until the Status displays " **disconnected** " to " **connected** ". It means the WS433-CL-04 is being connected with computer;
- Next, we need to import the configuration file for WS433-CL-04 by importing the csv file: Go to MENU **FILE / Import New** / => select the file with name **CONFIGURATION TEMPLATE FILE FOR RD26.csv** (after unzip file).



- We can see that WS433-CL-04 has connected the sensor to the sensor's id node s/n with the sensor

Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version 1.2

Status: **connected** tx rx

Port: COM15 BaudRate: 9600 Parity: none

Disconnect

Func	Reg	Num	Format	Prm Name	Setting Value	Read Value	CLEAR	Ex
1				*CONFIG MODBUS*	*****			
2	3	256	1 uint	modbus address		1		
3	3	257	1 uint	modbus baudrate		0		
4	3	258	1 uint	modbus parity		0		
5				*MANAGE NODE*	*****			
6	3	273	2 uint	node id 1		422000099		
7	3	275	2 uint	node id 2		0		
8	3	68	1 hex	rss of node 1&2		04 00		
9	3	28	1 hex	data status of node...		02 63		
10				*DATA OF NODE 1*	*****			
11	4	0	1 uint	%Battery		99		
12	4	1	2 float	Main parameter		73.74267578125		
13	4	3	1 uint	err_status & sen_ta...		2		
14				*DATA OF NODE 2*	*****			
15	4	32	1 uint	%Battery				3
16	4	33	2 float	Main parameter				3
17	4	35	1 uint	err_status & sen_ta...				3
18				*CONFIG NODE 1*	*****			
19	3	400	1 uint	Cycle_wakeup	5s - 3600s	60		

- In the row **modbus address** , we change the ID address of WS433-CL-04 by **Uncheck Func 3** => change **Func** from **3** to **16**

Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version 1.2

FILE EDIT

Port: COM15 BaudRate: 9600 Parity: none

Disconnect

Status: connected tx rx

39.486.tx: 00 04 00 00 00 01 30 1B
39.555.rx: 00 04 02 00 63 C4 D9
39.555.tx: 00 04 00 01 00 02 21 DA
39.618.rx: 00 04 04 42 93 A3 50 77 DD
39.618.tx: 00 04 00 03 00 01 C0 1B

tx: 5819 rx: 5818 ok: 5817 crc: 1 tmo: 0

19/06_10:59 Run Program 19/06_11:01 connected

	Func	Reg	Num	Format	Prm Name	Setting Value	Read Value	CLEAR	Ex
1	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG MODBUS*	*****			
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	256	uint	modbus address		1		
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	257	uint	modbus baudrate		0		
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	258	uint	modbus parity		0		
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	16			*MANAGE NODE*	*****			
6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	273	2 uint	node id 1		422000099		
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	275	2 uint	node id 2		0		
8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	68	1 hex	rss of node 1&2		04 00		
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	28	1 hex	data status of node...		01 63		
10	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 1*	*****			
11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	0	1 uint	%Battery		99		
12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	1	2 float	Main parameter		73.8189697265625		
13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	3	1 uint	err_status & sen_ta...		2		
14	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 2*	*****			
15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	32	1 uint	%Battery				3
16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	33	2 float	Main parameter				3
17	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	35	1 uint	err_status & sen_ta...				3
18	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG NODE 1*	*****			
19	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	400	1 uint	Cycle_wakeup	5s - 3600s	60		

- Type in **Setting Value** the **modbus address** of WS433-CL-04 => **Check** Func 16 if **Read Value** show **OK** which mean it's wrote successful

Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version 1.2

FILE EDIT

Port: COM15 BaudRate: 9600 Parity: none

Disconnect

Status: connected tx rx

38.110.tx: 00 04 00 00 00 01 30 1B
38.179.rx: 00 04 02 00 63 C4 D9
38.179.tx: 00 04 00 01 00 02 21 DA
38.241.rx: 00 04 04 42 93 C4 20 5C 09
38.241.tx: 00 04 00 03 00 01 C0 1B

tx: 7281 rx: 7281 ok: 7280 crc: 1 tmo: 0

19/06_10:59 Run Program 19/06_11:01 connected

	Func	Reg	Num	Format	Prm Name	Setting Value	Read Value	CLEAR	Ex
1	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG MODBUS*	*****			
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	16	256	1 uint	modbus address	2	1		
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	257	1 uint	modbus baudrate		0		
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	258	1 uint	modbus parity		0		
5	<input type="checkbox"/>				*MANAGE NODE*	*****			
6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	273	2 uint	node id 1		422000099		
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	275	2 uint	node id 2		0		
8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	68	1 hex	rss of node 1&2		04 00		
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	28	1 hex	data status of node...		01 63		
10	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 1*	*****			
11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	0	1 uint	%Battery		99		
12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	1	2 float	Main parameter		73.883056640625		
13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	3	1 uint	err_status & sen_ta...		2		
14	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 2*	*****			
15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	32	1 uint	%Battery				3
16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	33	2 float	Main parameter				3
17	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	35	1 uint	err_status & sen_ta...				3
18	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG NODE 1*	*****			
19	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	400	1 uint	Cycle_wakeup	5s - 3600s	60		

Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version 1.2

FILE EDIT

Port: COM15 BaudRate: 9600 Parity: none

Disconnect

Status: connected tx rx

51.263.tx: 00 03 01 98 00 02 45 C9
 51.332.tx: 00 03 04 3F 80 00 00 E7 0F
 51.348.tx: 00 03 01 9A 00 02 E4 09
 51.433.tx: 00 03 04 00 00 00 00 EA F3
 51.448.tx: 00 03 01 B8 00 01 04 02

tx: 8174 rx: 8174 ok: 8173 crc: 1 tmo: 0

19/06_10:59 Run Program 19/06_11:01 connected

	Func	Reg	Num	Format	Prm Name	Setting Value	Read Value	CLEAR	Ex
1	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG MODBUS*	*****			
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	16	256	1	uint	modbus address	2	OK	
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	257	1	uint	modbus baudrate	0		
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	258	1	uint	modbus parity	0		
5	<input type="checkbox"/>				*MANAGE NODE*	*****			
6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	273	2	uint	node id 1	422000099		
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	275	2	uint	node id 2	0		
8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	68	1	hex	rssl of node 1&2	04 00		
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	28	1	hex	data status of node...	01 63		
10	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 1*	*****			
11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	0	1	uint	%Battery	99		
12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	1	2	float	Main parameter	73.883056640625		
13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	3	1	uint	err_status & sen_ta...	2		
14	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 2*	*****			
15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	32	1	uint	%Battery			3
16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	33	2	float	Main parameter			3
17	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	35	1	uint	err_status & sen_ta...			3
18	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG NODE 1*	*****			
19	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	400	1	uint	Cycle_wakeup	5s - 3600s	60	

- Change **Func 16** to **3** then **Check** to read the value we just wrote in => if **Read Value** show the co-ordinator id of WS433-CL-04 that mean the sensor node has sync with WS433-CL-04

Daviteq Modbus Configuration Tool Version 1.2

FILE EDIT

Port: COM15 BaudRate: 9600 Parity: none

Disconnect

Status: connected tx rx

57.088.tx: 00 84 03 52 C1
 57.088.tx: 00 03 01 90 00 01 84 0A
 57.157.tx: 00 03 02 00 3C 85 95
 57.173.tx: 00 03 01 91 00 01 D5 CA
 57.258.tx: 00 03 02 02 58 85 1E

tx: 8975 rx: 8974 ok: 8973 crc: 1 tmo: 0

19/06_10:59 Run Program 19/06_11:01 connected

	Func	Reg	Num	Format	Prm Name	Setting Value	Read Value	CLEAR	Ex
1	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG MODBUS*	*****			
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	256	1	uint	modbus address	2		
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	257	1	uint	modbus baudrate	0		
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	258	1	uint	modbus parity	0		
5	<input type="checkbox"/>				*MANAGE NODE*	*****			
6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	273	2	uint	node id 1	422000099		
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	275	2	uint	node id 2	0		
8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	68	1	hex	rssl of node 1&2	04 00		
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	28	1	hex	data status of node...	02 63		
10	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 1*	*****			
11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	0	1	uint	%Battery	99		
12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	1	2	float	Main parameter	73.8922119140625		
13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	3	1	uint	err_status & sen_ta...	2		
14	<input type="checkbox"/>				*DATA OF NODE 2*	*****			
15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	32	1	uint	%Battery			3
16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	33	2	float	Main parameter			3
17	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	35	1	uint	err_status & sen_ta...			3
18	<input type="checkbox"/>				*CONFIG NODE 1*	*****			
19	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	400	1	uint	Cycle_wakeup	5s - 3600s	60	

- Function **3**: Read holding registers
- Function **4**: Read input registers
- Function **16**: Preset Multiple registers

3.2 Data packet :

Parameter name	Description
modbus address	ID address of WS433-CL
modbus baudrate	Default (9600)
modbus parity	Default (None)
node id 01	Serial number of sensor 01
node id 02	Serial number of sensor 02
rsi of node 1&2	Hi-byte : RF signal sensor 01 Lo-byte : RF signal sensor 02
data status of node 1&2	Hi-Byte : data status of node 1 Lo-Byte : data status of node 2
%Battery	High byte "spare", low byte is % battery capacity. Battery capacity has 4 levels: 10%, 30%, 60%, 99%.
main parameter	The measured value of the main parameter. Depending on the type of sensor, the measurement value is temperature, humidity, pressure difference, pressure, AC current measurement, digital input, mA, volt, relay,... Depending on the measurement parameters, the data type will be different, described specifically in the documentation of that sensor.
err_status & sen_tatus	High byte indicates "ERROR". Byte low indicates "Type SENSOR".

3.3 Status bytes of sensor Node

- Hi-Byte is error code

Error code	Description
0	No error
1	Just exchange the sensor module but node has not been reset ==> please take out the battery for 20s then install it again to reset node to recognize the new sensor module
2	Error, sensor port M12F shorted to GND
3	Error, sensor port M12F shorted to Vcc
4	Error, sensor port M12F shorted each other
51	Check sum error of sensor port

- Lo-Byte is sensor type

Sensor type	Description
1	Ambient temperature sensor
2	Ambient humidity sensor
3	Ambient differential pressure sensor
4	Process pressure sensor

5	1-channel AC 5A current sensor
6	2-channel digital input with counters
7	2-channel digital input with status detecting
8	Ambient light sensor
9	1-channel 0-20mA analog input
10	Relay output 2 SPDT or 4 SPST
11	Soil moisture sensor with I2C
12	Soil moisture sensor with RS485
255	No sensor

- RF signal strength of node is the row **rfssi of node 1&2**
 - Hi-Byte is rssi of node 1
 - Lo-Byte is rssi of node 2

RF signal strength	
0	RSSI < -100dBm
1	RSSI = -80...-100dBm
2	RSSI = -70...-79dBm
3	RSSI = -55...-69dBm
4	RSSI = 0...-54dBm

- Data status of node is the row **data status of node 1&2**
 - Hi-Byte is data status of node 1
 - Lo-Byte is data status of node 2

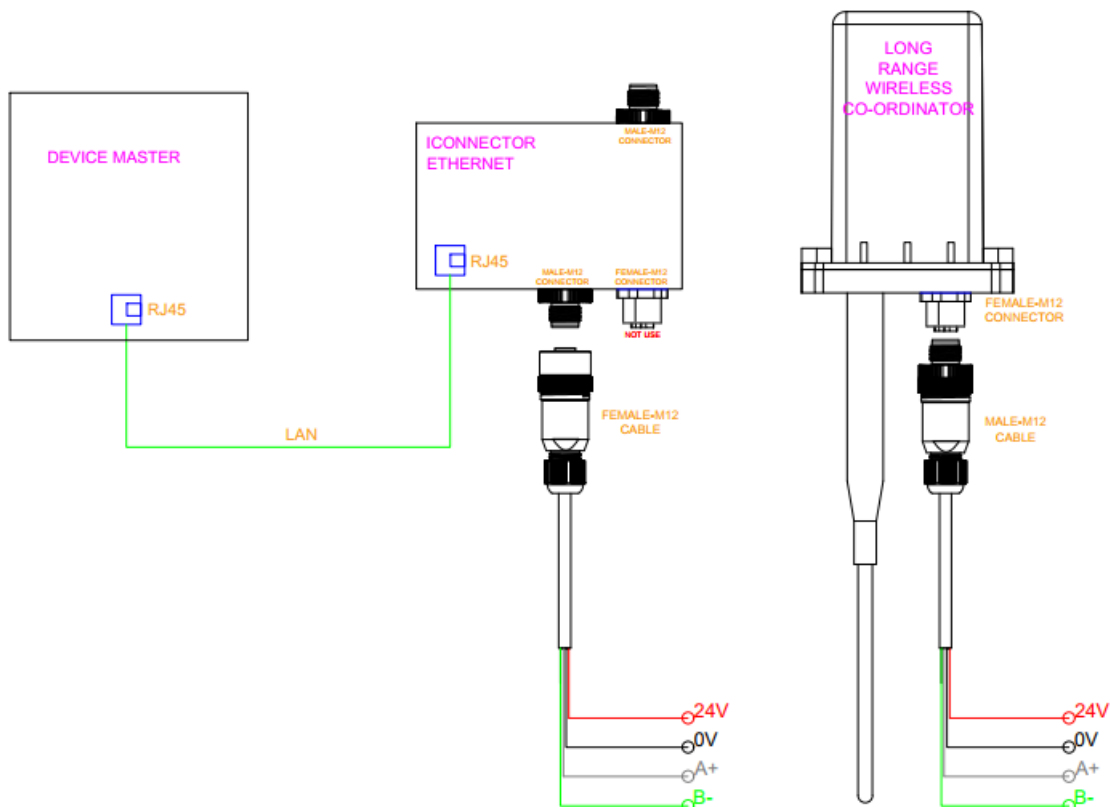
Data status	
99	Have not received data from wireless sensor
0	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 1" seconds
1	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 2" seconds
2	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 3" seconds
3	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 4" seconds
4	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 5" seconds

5	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 6" seconds
6	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 7" seconds
7	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 8" seconds
8	when data from wireless sensor just arrived in within "cmp time 9" seconds
9	when data from wireless sensor had arrived longer than "cmp time 9" seconds

3.4 Synchronizing configuration between WS433-CL and node:

# of register	Description	Value Range	Default	Format	Explanation
1	Cycle_wakeup	1-3600(s)	120	uint16	Every time interval of Cycle_wakeup, sensor node would ONLY send data to co-ordinator if the new measured value was changed more than the Delta value of the last measured value. Default Cycle_wakeup is 120 seconds
1	Cycle_healthsta	60-7200(s)	600	uint16	Every time interval of Cycle_healthsta, sensor node will absolutely send data to co-ordinator regardless any condition
2	a1		1	float	Scale value of parameter_1 = (a1 * Raw sensor value of parameter_1) + b1. For sensor value scale
2	b1		0	float	Scale value of parameter_1 = (a1 * Raw sensor value of parameter_1) + b1. For sensor value scale

3.5 Wiring



4. iConnector Ethernet

4.1 What is TCP/IP ?

4.2 Configure with iConnector Config software

Refer to [section 5](#) for more details on how to use Configuration Cable

4.2.1 Ethernet tab

iConnector Config 2.1.6

Port: COM9, BaudRate: 9600, Parity: none

Disconnect

Status: connected

tx: 130, rx: 129, ok: 129, crc: 0, tmo: 0

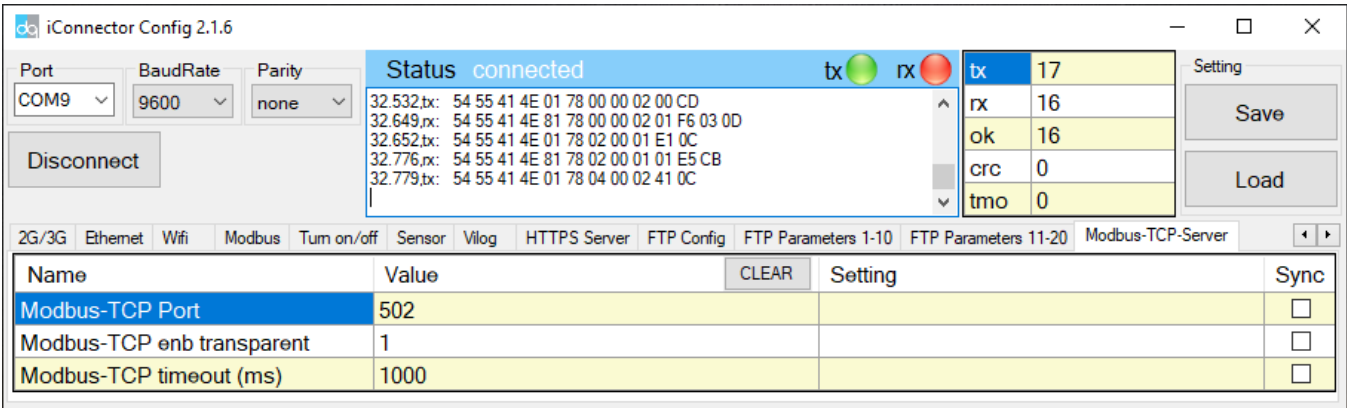
Setting: Save, Load

Name	Value	Setting	Sync
IP	192.168.1.30		<input type="checkbox"/>
Gateway	192.168.1.1		<input type="checkbox"/>
Mac Address	42:6F:76:0:0:10		<input type="checkbox"/>
DNS Server	8.8.8.8		<input type="checkbox"/>
DHCP on(1)/ off(0)	0		<input type="checkbox"/>

Name	Description
IP	Static IP configuration for iConnector. Example: 192.168.1.30
Gateway	Configure gateway
DNS Server	Configure DNS Server

DHCP	0 (Off) / 1 (On) If DHCP = 0 , it's mean Not using DHCP → Static IP
------	--

4.2.2 Modbus-TCP-Server tab



Name	Description
Modbus-TCP Port	Configure the receiving port, for example 502
Modbus-TCP enb transparent	1 : To run transparent, interrupt modbus RTU poll. 0 : Run modbus RTU poll as normal iConnector, not transparent
Modbus-TCP timeout (ms)	Used for modbus TCP Server

4.3 Description of transparent mode operation (Modbus-TCP enb transparent = 1)

Suppose we have: Static IP address: 192.168.1.30 | Port 502

1. iConnector is connected to the Modbus RTU with electric meters, devices, ... via RS485 port;
2. Software / device / PLC ... with Modbus TCP Client connected to iConnector (role as TCP Server) at Static IP address 192.168.1.30 | Port 502 in internal network;
3. TCP Client sends command to iConnector;
4. iConnector transfers commands from Modbus TCP to RTU and sends to devices and clocks via RS485 port;
5. iConnector waits for the devices to respond;
6. iConnector transfers the response from the RTU to the Modbus TCP and then sends it back to the TCP Client;
7. TCP Client actively closes the connection if it no longer sends command to iConnector.

4.4 Run Modbus RTU as normal iConnector (Modbus-TCP enb transparent = 0)

4.4.1 TCP Client connects to iConnector via internet

1. iConnector needs static IP configuration, **For example:** IP 192.168.1.30 | Port 502
2. The external internet network must also have a static IP, **Example:** IP 118.69.111.101
3. Network administrator must implement NAT port 502, TCP to IP of iConnector
4. At that time, TCP Client will connect to IP address 118.69.111.101 | Port 502

4.4.2 TCP Client read/write parameters on the iConnector memmap

iConnector supports command **3** (0x03) for **read**, command **16** (0x10) for **writing**.

The Unit Identifier is **31** (0x1F) to read and write memmap iConnector, not**31** will make devices transparent read and write via RS485.

These commands are changed to match the address of iConnector (address in bytes but not in registers like modbus).

1. Command 3:

Modbus TCP is:

0001 0000 0006 1F 03 006B 0003

- **0001:** Transaction Identifier
- **0000:** Protocol Identifier
- **0006:** Message Length (6 bytes to follow)
- **1F:** The Unit Identifier (31 = **1F** hex)
- **03:** The Function Code (read Analog Output Holding Registers)
- **2000:** The Data Address of the first register requested→ This will be the address on the memmap
- **0003:** The total number of registers requested. (read 3 registers 40108 to 40110)→This number 3 will be 3 bytes, not 3 registers anymore.

At that time iConnector will respond to data of 3 bytes, not 6 bytes

2. Command 16:

Modbus TCP is:

0002 0000 0009 1F 10 3000 0002 04 000A

- **0002:** : Transaction Identifier
- **0000:** Protocol Identifier
- **0009:** Message Length (6 bytes to follow)
- **1F:** The Unit Identifier (31 = **1F** hex)
- **10:** The Function Code 16 (Write Function)
- **3000:** The Data Address of the first register requested→ This will be the address on the memmap
- **0002:** The number of registers to write→ This is the length to write is 2 bytes, not 2 more registers.
- **04:** The number of data bytes to follow
- **000A:** The value to write to register→ data 2 bytes need to write

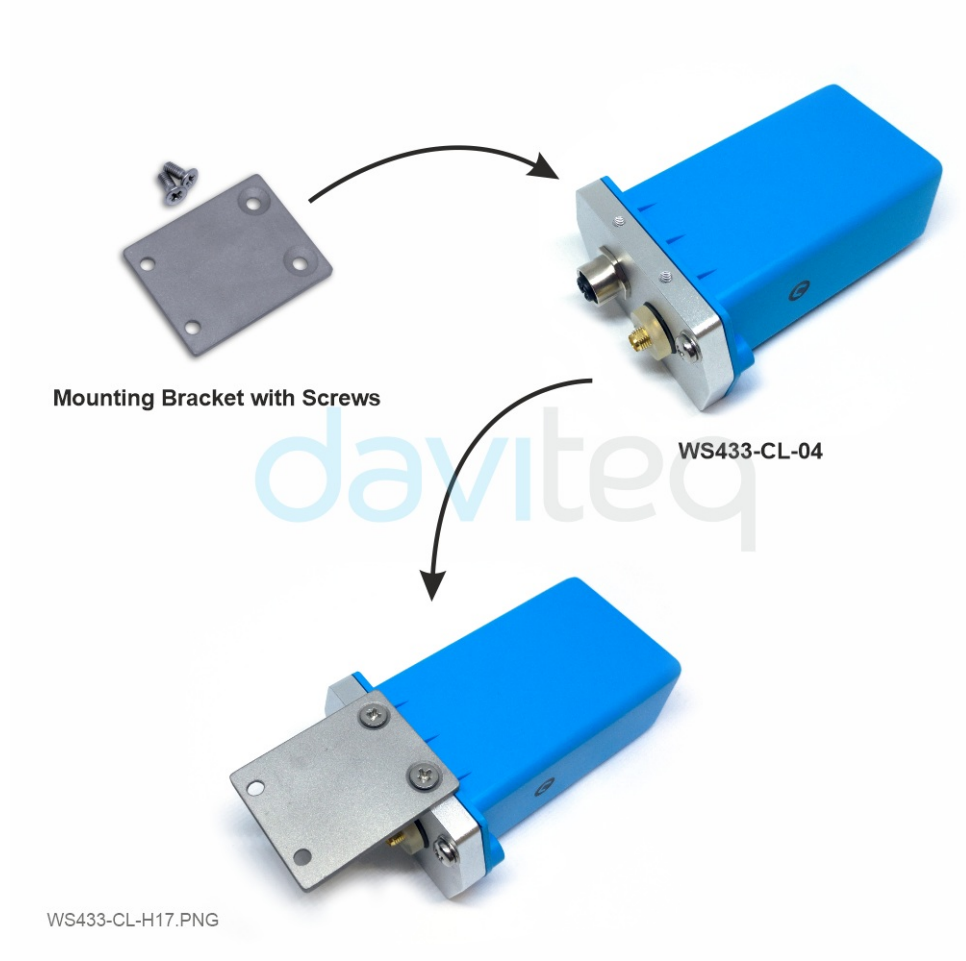
4.4.3 Recommend modbus TCP/IP registers for RADAR sensor

Parameter Name	Address	Data Type	Data Length	Sensor
Battery 01	6000	unsigned_integer_16	2	01
1st - Parameter 01	6002	float	4	01
ERROR 01	6006	byte	1	01
Type SENSOR 01	6007	byte	1	01
Battery 02	6041	unsigned_integer_16	2	02
1st - Parameter 02	6043	float	4	02
ERROR 02	6047	byte	1	02
Type SENSOR 02	6048	byte	1	02

5. Installation

5.1 Mounting bracket installation

The mounting bracket is made from hard metallic material. Following to these steps as the below picture



Insert the top plastic housing and locking by L hex key

(**NOTE:** When reinstalling the cover, pay attention to put the PCB edge into the middle slot of the box inside as shown below)



5.2 Installation location

To maximize the distance of transmission, the ideal condition is Line-of-sight (**LOS**) between the two modules. In real life, there is no LOS condition. However, the two modules still communicate each other, but the distance will be reduced significantly.

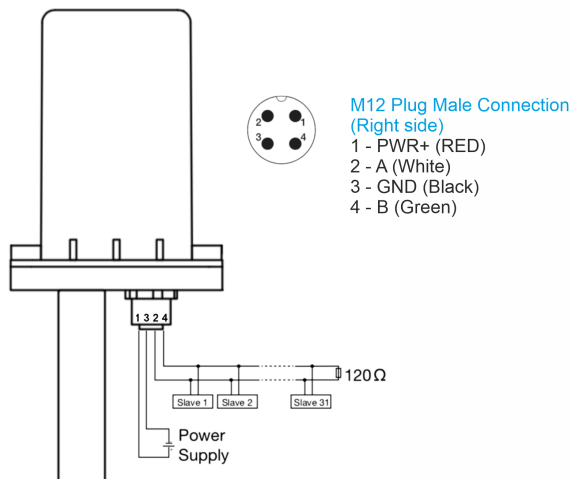
Therefore, to maximize the transmission distance, please pay attention to the following conditions:

- **DO NOT** install the wireless module inside a complete **metallic** box or housing. The signal can not pass through metallic wall;
- This wireless module would be installed a semi-metallic box, because the RF signal can pass through the non-metal wall/are;
- The best case is to install the wireless module inside or Non-metallic box;

Some non-metallic materials: plastic, glass, wood, leather, concrete, cement...

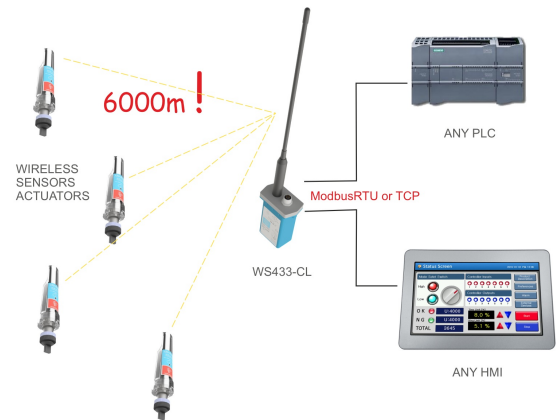
5.3 IO Wiring & Sensor installation

PIN ASSIGNMENT & WIRING



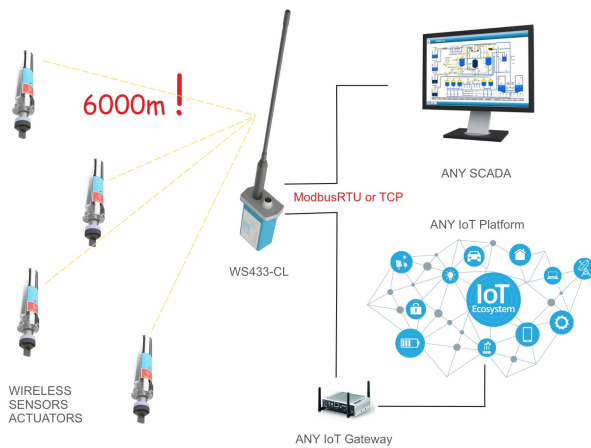
WS433-CL-H18.PNG

CONNECT WIRELESS SENSORS TO any PLC or HMI



WS433-CL-H12.PNG

CONNECT WIRELESS SENSORS TO any SCADA or IoT Platform



WS433-CL-H3.PNG

CONNECT WIRELESS SENSORS TO GLOBIOTS Platform



WS433-CL-H4.PNG

6. Troubleshooting

No.	Phenomena	Reason	Solutions
1	Cannot read modbus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No power supply for WS433-CL, the power cord is incorrectly connected Modbus connection pin A, B is loose or wrong Configuration slave address, baudrate, parity is not correct Reading the wrong command, wrong address register 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the power connection Check the connection modbus A, B Check the configuration of slave address, baudrate, parity WS433-CL only supports modbus 3, 4, and 16. Check if the value of modbus status returned by 2 or 3 is an incorrect address reading.

2	Failed to add auto sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When the first 5 minutes are up, the sensor cannot be added Node needs to be added further away from WS433-CL The WS433-CL and the node are configured to run at 2 different RF frequencies, or different data rates 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unplug, wait 10 seconds, plug in again to enable automatic add or write to modbus Enb_auto_add_sensors = 1 Bringing nodes and WS433-CL together or temporarily setting the smaller Rssi_threshold can add sensors farther (then return the old values) Check the RF frequency, data rate of WS433-CL and the node
3	Read modbus normal health values but read the data of the node, all are 0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The modbus 4 command only supports FW 1.9, old FWs can't read command 4 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the FW of WS433-CL if it is older than 1.9 then use command 3 to read data and other registers
4	The node's data has no data of prm1 and prm2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The sensor attached to the node is loose For the WS433-M12F node, if the sensor is attached after the battery is attached to the node, the sensor type may be different so the data cannot be read. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attach the sensor to the node firmly Attach the sensor to the WS433-M12F node first. Then remove the node pin, wait for 10 seconds, re-attach to the node to re-identify the sensor

7. Support contacts

Manufacturer

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